

View additional details on this proposal and all application materials using the following link:

Applicant Materials for Consideration

DETAILS

Location:

674 Western Drive

Applicant / Agent:

C & R Partners, LLC

Property Owner:

Pete Riehm, C & R Partners, LLC

Current Zoning:

B-1, Buffer Business Suburban District

Proposed Zoning:

B-3, Community Business Suburban District

Future Land Use:

Mixed Density Residential

Applicable Codes, Policies, and Plans:

- Unified Development Code
- Map for Mobile Comprehensive Plan

Proposal:

- Rezoning from B-1 Suburban to B-3 Suburban
- Note

Any use permitted in the proposed district would be allowed at this location if the zoning is approved. The Planning Commission may consider other zoning districts than the proposed sought by the applicant for this property.

Commission Considerations:

1. Rezoning with two (2) conditions.

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PLANNING COMMISSION VICINITY MAP - EXISTING AERIAL



The site is surrounded by industrial units to the west and residential units to the east.

APPLICATION NUMBER	7 DATE October 17, 2024	
APPLICANT	C & R Partners, LLC	- N
REQUEST	\$	
		NEG
		NTS

SITE HISTORY

The site was originally part of the Revision and Extension to Liberty Park Subdivision, the plat for which was recorded in Mobile County Probate Court in February 1943.

The Board of Zoning Adjustment approved Use, Side Yard Setback, and Rear Yard Setbacks variances in January 1974 to facilitate construction of the existing commercial warehouse on residentially zoned property with reduced side and rear yard setbacks.

Rezoning of multiple properties along Western Drive, including the subject site, from R-1, Single-Family Residential District, to B-1, Buffer Business District, was adopted by City Council at its October 7, 1980 meeting. That rezoning application was based upon a study by Planning staff, at the request of the Board of Zoning Adjustment, and was approved by the Planning Commission.

STAFF COMMENTS

Engineering Comments:

- 1. Any work performed in the existing ROW (right-of-way) such as driveways, sidewalks, utility connections, grading, drainage, irrigation, or landscaping will require a ROW permit from the City of Mobile Engineering Permitting Department (251-208-6070) and must comply with the City of Mobile Right-of-Way Construction and Administration Ordinance (Mobile City Code, Chapter 57, Article VIII).
- 2. A Land Disturbance Permit application shall be submitted for any proposed land disturbing activity with the property. A complete set of construction plans including, but not limited to, drainage, utilities, grading, storm water detention systems and paving will need to be included with the Land Disturbance permit. This Permit must be submitted, approved, and issued prior to beginning any of the construction work.
- 3. Any and all proposed land disturbing activity within the property will need to be submitted for review and be in conformance with Mobile City Code, Chapter 17, Storm Water Management and Flood Control); the City of Mobile, Alabama Flood Plain Management Plan (1984); and, the Rules For Erosion and Sedimentation Control and Storm Water Runoff Control.
- 4. Any existing or proposed detention facility shall be maintained as it was constructed and approved. The Land Disturbance Permit application for any proposed construction includes a requirement of a Maintenance and Inspection Plan (signed and notarized by the Owner) for the detention facility. This Plan shall run with the land and be recorded in the County Probate Office prior to the Engineering Department issuing their approval for a Final Certificate of Occupancy.
- 5. The approval of all applicable federal, state, and local agencies (including all storm water runoff, wetland and floodplain requirements) will be required prior to the issuance of a Land Disturbance permit. The Owner/Developer is responsible for acquiring all of the necessary permits and approvals.
- 6. The proposed development must comply with all Engineering Department design requirements and Policy Letters.

Traffic Engineering Comments:

Driveway number, size, location, and design to be approved by Traffic Engineering and conform to AASHTO standards. Any required on-site parking, including ADA handicap spaces, shall meet the minimum standards as defined in Article 3, Section 64-3-12 of the City's Unified Development Code.

Urban Forestry Comments:

Property to be developed in compliance with state and local laws that pertain to tree preservation and protection on both city and private properties [Act 929 of the 1961 Regular Session of the Alabama Legislature (Acts 1961, p. 1487), as amended, and City Code Chapters 57 and 65]. Private removal of trees in the right-of-way will require approval of the Mobile Tree Commission. Removal of heritage trees from undeveloped residential sites, developed residential sites in historic districts, and all commercial sites will require a tree removal permit.

Fire Department Comments:

All projects within the City Limits of Mobile shall comply with the requirements of the City of Mobile Fire Code Ordinance (2021 International Fire Code). Fire apparatus access is required to be within 150' of all non-sprinklered commercial buildings and within 300' of all sprinklered commercial buildings. Fire water supply for all commercial buildings will be required to meet the guidance of Appendices B and C of the 2021 International Fire Code. The minimum requirement for fire hydrants is to be within 400' of non-sprinkled commercial buildings, within 600' of sprinkled commercial buildings, and within 100' of fire department connections (FDC) for both standpipes and sprinkler systems.

Planning Comments:

The applicant is requesting to rezone the subject site from B-1, Buffer Business Suburban District to B-3, Community Business Suburban District to facilitate use of the property as an automotive body repair shop. A detailed description and justification of the request can be viewed using the link on Page 1 of this report.

The site is adjacent to properties zoned B-1 Suburban to the North and South; R-1 Suburban to the East; and I-1 to the West. The predominant land uses in the area are residential, with the exception of the industrial warehousing and distribution uses within the nearby I-1 zoned districts. There are various office uses within the B-1 zoned portions of the neighborhood, as well as a church. There is one (1) B-2 Suburban-zoned property along Western Drive, the rezoning for which was originally denied by the Planning Commission, but approved by City Council in 2014. The only B-3 zoned property along Western Drive is located at its Northeast intersection with Moffett Road, over one-half (1/2) mile South of the subject site.

As previously stated, the 1980 rezoning was initiated at the request of the Board of Zoning Adjustment due to the large number of Use Variance requests along Western Drive. Planning staff suggested that B-1, Buffer Business District, would be an appropriate transitional zoning district due to the numerous residences that are located in the area.

The applicant has not provided evidence that rezoning of the property to a higher zoning classification is supported by any of the criteria used to justify amendments to the zoning map. To the contrary, rezoning of the site would create a situation of "spot-zoning" that would facilitate a use of the property that is generally incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood and the abutting residential uses. Moreover, this site has been given a Mixed Density Residential future land use designation, which indicates residential development should be supported. As such, rezoning of the site may also be incompatible with the Future Land Use Map.

It should be noted that the Use Variance approved by the Board of Zoning Adjustment in 1974 allowing use of the property as a warehouse remains in effect as long as the site meets the conditions of variance approval, as stipulated by the Board at that time. Such a use is allowed by right in a B-3 zoning district if the warehouse is less than 40,000 square feet. If the development has not had a negative impact on the surrounding neighborhood since 1974, it may suggest that rezoning of the site to B-3 may be appropriate depending on the circumstances that facilitated approval of the Variance (such as development trends at that time). In this context, the

Commission should review the applicable criteria for rezoning approval to determine if the site meets any of the conditions that would justify the rezoning.

The Business License history of the site indicates use by various contractors – electrical, mechanical, and general.

The site plan provided with the rezoning application depicts the existing development. No changes to the site are proposed with the rezoning; however, if approved, protection buffers compliant with the applicable standards of the Unified Development Code (UDC) should be required where the site adjoins residentially used property to the East and West. If rezoning of the property is approved, any future development or redevelopment of the property will require full compliance with the applicable provisions of the UDC.

Any signage placed on the property will also need to meet the requirements of the UDC, and be permitted separately through the Planning and Zoning Department.

REZONING CONSIDERATIONS

Standards of Review:

The Unified Development Code (UDC) in 64-5-5.E. states that Rezonings are intended to carry out the objective of a sound, stable and desirable development and that casual change or amendment would be detrimental to the achievement of that objective.

The UDC goes on to say that zoning changes should be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. However, the Comprehensive Plan and Future Land Use Plan (FLUP) and Map (FLUM) are meant to serve as a general guide, not a detailed lot and district plan; they are not a legal mandate for development. The FLUP and FLUM allow the Planning Commission and City Council to consider individual cases based on several factors including: surrounding development, classification requested, timing of the request, and the appropriateness and compatibility of the proposed use the zoning classification.

The UDC states that an application for rezoning shall include a statement of the justification for the proposed amendment that addresses all of the following:

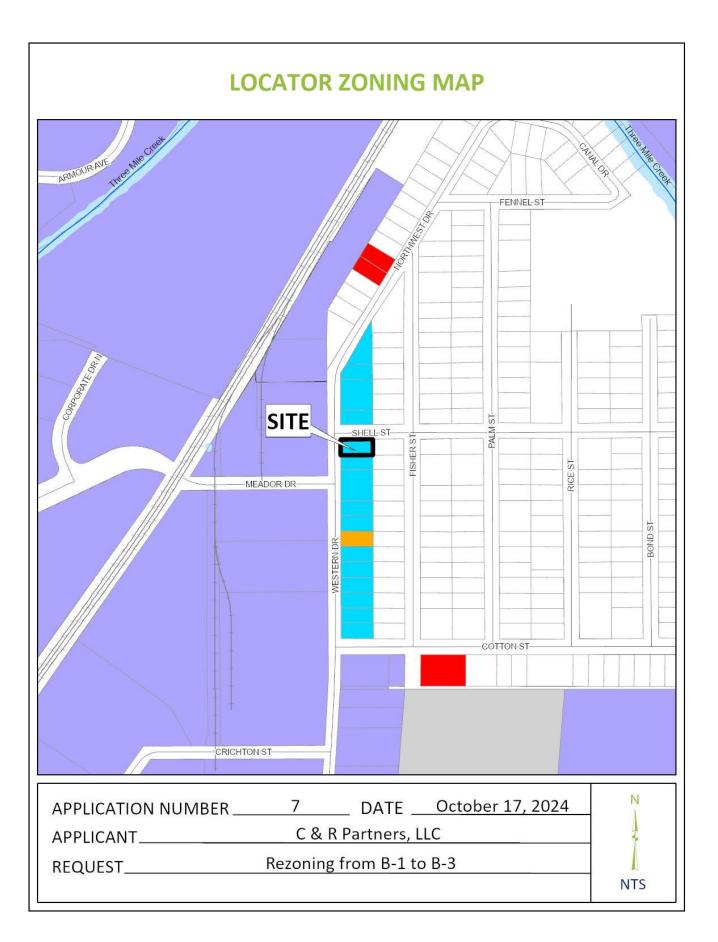
- A. Consistency. Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan;
- B. Mistake. For a Rezoning, whether there was a mistake or error in the original zoning map; and
- C. Compatibility. Whether the proposed amendment is compatible with:
 - (1) The current development trends, if any, in the vicinity of the subject property;
 - (2) Surrounding land uses;
 - (3) Would adversely impact neighboring properties; or
 - (4) Cause a loss in property values.
- D. Health, Safety and General Welfare. Whether the proposed amendment promotes the community's public health, safety, and general welfare;
- E. Capacity. Whether the infrastructure is in place to accommodate the proposed amendment; and
- F. Change. Whether changed or changing conditions in a particular area make an amendment necessary and desirable.
- G. Benefits Consideration. In addition, consideration should also be given to the City's and the larger community's best interests and the need, benefit, or public purpose of the proposed request.

The applicant's responses to address the above criteria are available in the link on page one (1).

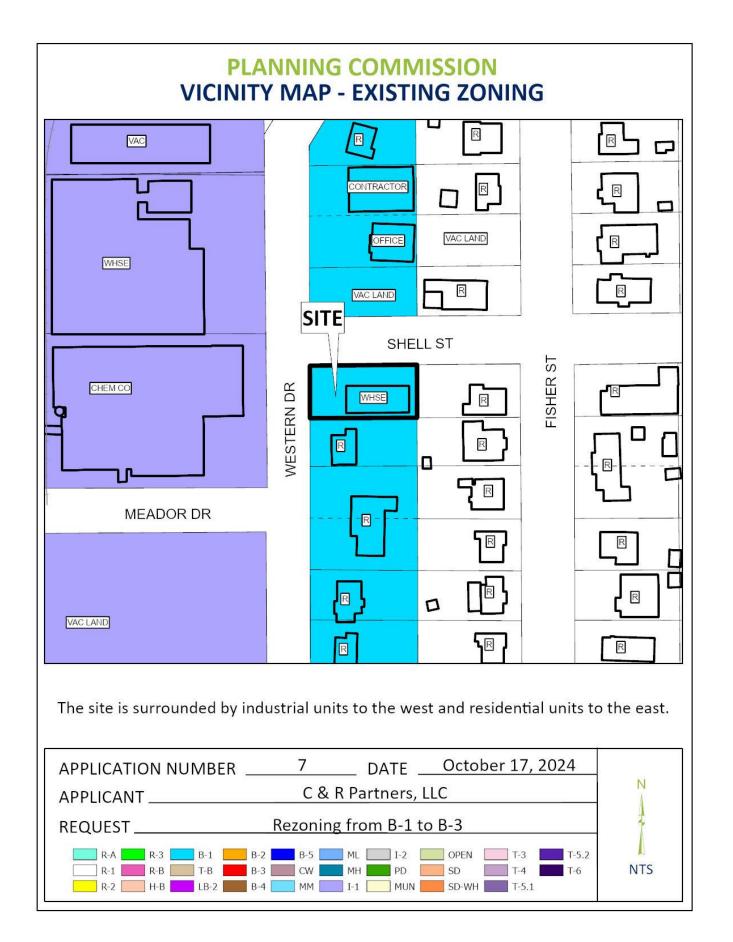
Considerations:

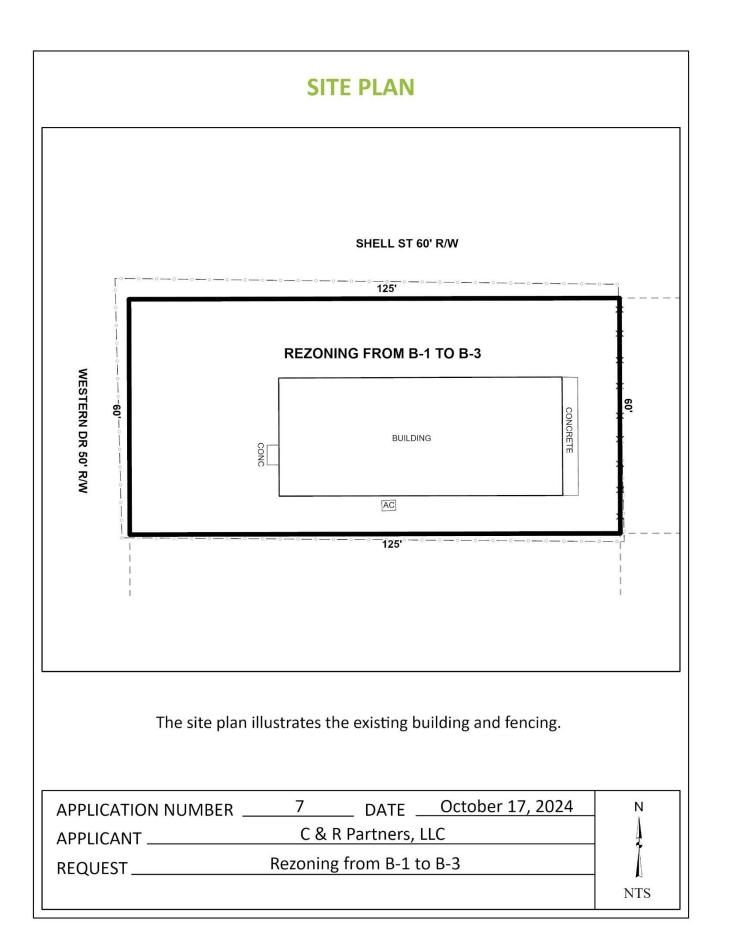
If the Planning Commission considers a recommendation of approval of the request to the City Council to Rezone the site to B-3, the following conditions could apply:

- 1. Provision of a Protection Buffer to the greatest extent possible where the site abuts residential uses, in compliance with Article 3, Section 64-3-8 of the Unified Development Code; and
- 2. Full compliance with all other municipal codes and ordinances.









ZONING DISTRICT CORRESPONDENCE MATRIX															
		LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (LDR)	MIXED DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (MXDR)	DOWNTOWN (DT)	DISTRICT CENTER (DC)	NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER - TRADITIONAL (NC-T)	NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER - SUBURBAN (NC-S)	TRADITIONAL CORRIDOR (TC)	MIXED COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR (MCC)	JGHT INDUSTRIAL (LI)	HEAVY INDUSTRY (HI)	NSTITUTIONAL LAND USE (INS)	PARKS & OPEN SPACE (POS)	DOWNTOWN WATERFRONT (DW)	WATER DEPENDENT USES (WDWRU)
RESIDENTIAL - AG	R-A	٦	2			Z	Z	T	2	_		=			>
ONE-FAMILY RESIDENCE	R-1														
TWO-FAMILY RESIDENCE	R-2													0	
MULTIPLE-FAMILY	R-3	0												0	
RESIDENTIAL-BUSINESS	R-B		0											0	
TRANSITIONAL-BUSINESS	T-B		0												
HISTORIC BUSINESS	H-B														
VILLAGE CENTER	TCD														
NEIGH. CENTER	TCD														
NEIGH. GENERAL	TCD														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-6														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-5.1														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-5.2														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-4														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	T-3														
DOWNTOWN DEV. DDD	SD-WH									0	0				
DOWNTOWN DEV. DD	SD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0				
BUFFER BUSINESS	B-1													0	
NEIGH. BUSINESS	B-2		0											0	
LIMITED BUSINESS	LB-2		0											0	
COMMUNITY BUSINESS	B-3											0		0	
GEN. BUSINESS	B-4											0		0	
OFFICE-DISTRIBUTION	B-5														
LIGHT INDUSTRY	I-1														
HEAVY INDUSTRY	I-2														

Zoning District Correspondence Matrix

- Directly Related
- Elements of the zoning category are related to the future LU category, but with qualifications (such as a development plan with conditions)
- Land use category is appropriate, but the district does not directly implement the category (e.g., open space in an industrial district)

MIXED DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (MxDR)

This designation applies mostly to residential areas located between Downtown and the Beltline, where the predominant character is that of a traditional neighborhood laid out on an urban street grid.

These residential areas should offer a mix of single family homes, townhouses, 2- to 4- residential unit buildings, accessory dwellings, and low- and midrise multifamily apartment buildings.

The density varies between 6 and 10 du/ ac, depending on the mix, types, and locations of the housing as specified by zoning.

Like LDR areas, MxDR areas may incorporate compatibly scaled and sited complementary uses such as neighborhood retail and office uses, schools, playgrounds and parks, and churches and other amenities that create a complete neighborhood fabric and provide safe and convenient access to daily necessities.